JAMIA MILLIA ISLAMIA Jamia Millia Islamia was founded at Aligarh in 1920 during the k Cooperation Movements in response to Gandhiji's call to boyo supported educational institutions. Among those who enthusiastic

Jamia Millia Islamia was founded at Aligarh in 1920 during the Khilafat and Non-Cooperation Movements in response to Gandhiji's call to boycott government-supported educational institutions. Among those who enthusiastically responded to this call were Shaikhul Hind Maulana Mahmud Hasan, Maulana Mohammed Ali, Hakim Ajmal Khan, Dr. Mukhtar Ahmad Ansari, Abdul Majeed Khwaja and Dr. Zakir Hussain. These eminent personalities, along with some others, founded the Jamia Millia Islamia. They nurtured it through the changing vicissitudes of history at great personal risk and inconvenience.

Jamia Millia moved from Aligarh to Delhi in 1925. Since then, it has been continuously growing, always refurnishing its methods, and branching out from time to time to meet new needs. True to the ideals of its founders, it has over the years, tried to integrate the physical and mental development of its students.

Jamia Millia reflects the original concern of its founders which was to encourage the indigenous roots of education. It has cherished and has continued to encourage critical appreciation of the country's history and culture and also the history of Islam with its rich cultural and intellectual traditions. It seeks to foster a national and cosmopolitan perspective in its academic programmes and co-curricular activities. Like other universities, Jamia has kept itself abreast with developments in education, social sciences, natural sciences and technology. In recent years, there has been significant progress in the variety of courses offered, such as Engineering, Commerce, Fine Arts, Mass Communication, Information Technology and Extension Education. Institutions like the Academic Staff College and the Third World Studies have been started.

The medium of instruction in Jamia Millia Islamia is Urdu, English and Hindi.

The objects of the University era to discominate a transaction of the University era to discominate a transaction.

The objects of the University are to disseminate advanced knowledge and provide instructional, research and extension facilities in various branches of learning. The University endeavours to provide the students and teachers with the necessary atmosphere and facilities for the promotion of:

- innovation in education leading to the restructuring of courses, new methods of teaching and learning, and integrated development of personality;
- (ii) studies in various disciplines;
- (iii) inter-disciplinary studies; and
- (iv) national integration, secularism and international understanding

M.A.

The two year Post-graduate course has special emphasis on Medieval and Modern Indian history. M.A. students have to appear in four papers in M.A. Previous, and four papers in M.A. Final. There will be 85 lectures per course. The students will also have to submit written assignments in all the papers by the end of February and appear for a *viva-voce* examination at the end of each year.

Allocation of marks: 400 marks for written papers, 60 marks for written assignments, 40 marks for viva -voce examination. Maximum marks in each year = 500.

- Note: (i) Private candidates are not required to submit assignments and in their case the maximum marks each year will be 440.
 - (ii) They are required to get their examination form forwarded by the Head, Department of History, before submitting it in the office of the Controller of Examinations.

M.A. PREVIOUS

Students have to offer four papers.

All students have to offer either P-1 or P-2

- P-1 State Formation in Medieval India 1000-1526
- P-2 Colonial State and Government in India 1740-1858

Students are required to choose any three of the following courses.

- P-3 History of Islam in India
- P-4 The World Powers and Diplomacy 1870-1945
- P-5 History of West Asia 610 1258
- P-6 Capitalism, Colonialism and Imperialism
- P-7 Trends in Historiography
- P-8 Early Medieval India A Historical Survey: from 6th to 13th century.

P-1: STATE FORMATION IN MEDIEVAL INDIA 1200-1526 A.D.

UNIT-1

1. Islamic & Indian Antecedents -

- (a) Emergence of the concept of State in the Islamic Societies.
- (b) Political ideas of Almavardi and Nizamul Mulk Tusi.
- (c) Indian Political System with special reference to Indian Feudalism

2. Indo-Persian historiography in Medieval India-

Minhaj-us Siraj, Amir Khusrau, Ibn-i Batuta, Ziauddin Barani, Shams Siraj Afif, Malfuz Literature.

UNIT-2

3. Process of Conquests and expansion-

- (a) Ghorid coquests and role of Turkish element; Achievements of Aibak, Iltutmish and Balban, Causes and impact of the Turkish conquest.
- (b) Khaljis and Tughlaqs conquest of Deccan states, expansion of the Sultanate.
- (c) Disintegration of the Sultanate and rise of the regional kingdoms-Bahmanies, Jaunpur, Gujarat, Malwa, and Bengal.

4. Institutionalized Formation:

- (a) Concept of kingship: Iltutmish to Balban; Khaljis, Tughlaqs and the Lodis' concept of kingship.
- (b) Nobility social composition and organization.
- (c) Administration.
- (d) Central administration and the administration of the wilayats; powers and the duties of wazir.

UNIT-3

5. Economy

- (a) Iqta and revenue free grants.
- (b) Agrarian economy and revenue administration.
- (c) Growth of urban centers.
- (d) Trade and commerce

UNIT-4

6. Social Process in the formation of state

- (a) Madarsas, mosques, Khanqahs.
- (b) Concept of Tasawwuf and silsilahs; sufis, relations with state; impact on society.
- (c) Bhakti movement various traditions, Nirgun & Sagun Bhakti, Monotheistic Movement.

Reading List

P.K. Hitti - History of the Arabs (Also in Urdu), 1966 M.M. Sharif - History of Muslim Philosophy, 2 vols. 1961

H.A.R. Gibb - Al-Mavardi's Theory of Khalifa (Islamic

Culture, Vol. XI, 1937)

Hoit, Lambton - Cambridge History of Islam, 1970 and Lewis (ed.)

R.S. Sharma - Indian Feudalism, 1965

D.N. Jha - Economy and Society - Issues and Paradigms.

Elliot and Dowson - History of India.... Vols. I, II, III & IV

Habib and Nizami - Comprehensive History of India, Vol. V. 1970

Richard Maxwell Eaton - Rise of Islam and the Bengal Frontier-

1204-1760, 1994.

Simon Digby - War Elephant and Horses under the early

Sultans of Delhi, 1971.

K.A. Nizami - Some Aspects of Religion and Politics in the

thirteenth century India, 1974.

K.M.Ashraf - Life and Condition of the People of

Hindustan, 1970.

M.Mujeeb - Indian Muslims, 1967.

R.P. Tripathi - Some Aspects of Mulsim Administration,

1936.

I.H. Siddiqui - Some Aspects of Afghan Despotism, 1969.

Irfan Habib and - Cambridge Economic History of India,

Tapan Roychaudhari (ed.) Vol. I, 1982

H.K. Sherwani - Early Muslim Political Thought and

Administration, 1981.

I.H. Qureshi - Administration of the Sultans of Delhi,

1942.

Tara Chand	Influence of Influence II II Co. b. 1000	
rara Chanu	- Influence of Islam on Indian Culture, 1963	
T TT 0:43::	- Encyclopaedia of Islam.	
I.H. Siddiqui	- Perso-Arabic Sources of Information on	
	the Life and Conditions in the Sultanate	
	of Delhi, 1992.	
H.K.Naqvi	- Agricultural, Industrial and Urban Dynamism	
	under the Sultans of Delhi, 1986.	
S.B.P. Nigam	- Nobility under the Sultans of Delhi, 1968.	
Mohibbul Hasan	Historians of Medieval India, 1968.	
S. Athar Abbas Rizvi	- History of Sufism in India, Vol. I, 1978.	
H.C. Verma	- Dynamics of Urban Life in Pre-Mughal	
	India, 1986.	
K. Sharma	- Bhakti & Bhakti Movement, 1987.	
Harbans Mukhia and	- Feudalism in Non-European Societies	
T.J.Byres (ed.)		
Articles		
Aiticles		
Irfan Habib	- Economic History of Delhi Sultanate-An	
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Irfan Habib -DoDo-	 essay in interpretation, IHR, 1978. Social and Economic Changes in Northern India-1200-1500, Seminar. Changes in Technology in Medieval India, Studies in History, Vol II, No. 1. Monotheistic Movements. 	
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Irfan Habib -DoDo- I.H. Siddiqui R.S. Sharma	 essay in interpretation, IHR, 1978. Social and Economic Changes in Northern India-1200-1500, Seminar. Changes in Technology in Medieval India, Studies in History, Vol II, No. 1. Monotheistic Movements. Money and Social Change in India During Medieval India, Symposia paper, Calcutta, I.H.C,. 1995. Social Changes in Early Medieval India. (Circa 500-1200), Devraj Chanana Memorial Lecture, 1969. 	
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P-2: COLONIAL STATE AND GOVERNMENT IN INDIA 1740-1858

UNIT-1

Features of Eighteenth Century India

- (i) Modern Historiography: Approaches and different schools of thought
- (ii) Decline of the Mughal power: Theories and Events
- (iii) Transformation of Mughal Provinces
- (iv) Growth of New States in India

UNIT-2

Colonialism in India

- (i) Origins, versions and stages of colonialism
- (ii) Mercantilism : principles and policies
- (iii) European overseas trade with India
- (iv) European Conflicts for Monopoly of Indian Trade
- (v) Impact on Indian Society

UNIT-3

Early British Expansion in India

- (i) British Conquest of Bengal
- (ii) Formation of Political centres in Coromandel, Malabar, and Western India
- (iii) Origins of British Conquest of Bengal

UNIT-4

Consolidation of British Rule in India

- (i) Formation of British Colonial State
- (ii) Administrative and Military structure
- (iii) British Revenue system
- (iv) British Policy towards Native States

UNIT-5

British Imperialism in India

- (i) Origins of British Imperialism: Commercial, Financial and Strategic considerations
- (ii) Direct and Indirect Rule: Subsidiary Alliance system and Annexation policy
- (iii) Impact of Industrial capital on Indian Society

UNIT-6

Modernization of Indian Society

- (i) Revenue Policies
- (ii) Judiciary and Law
- (iii) Social Legislation
- (iv) English Education
- (v) Technological Development
- (vi) Emergence of Social Classes

UNIT-7

Resistance to Colonial Rule

- (i) Nature and forms of Resistance
- (ii) Pre 1857 Civil Rebellions
- (iii) Revolt of 1857, nature, character and causes
- (iv) Centres of Revolt
- (v) Significance of the Revolt

UNIT-8

Aftermath of the Revolt

- (i) Effects of the Revolt
- (ii) Re organization of the British Government under the Crown
- (iii) British Policies from 1858

Reading List

Jadunath Sarkar, Satish Chandra, The Rise and fall of the Mughal Empire Parties and Politics in Mughal India,

Irfan Habib Agrarian system of Mughal India

Mujeeb Ashraf Muslim Attitudes towards British rule and Western

Culture in India

R.P. Dutta, India Today,

M.Dobb Studies in the Development of Capitalism

K.N. Chaudhuri The East India Company and The Trading World of

South Asia.

E. Stokes, The English Utilitarians and India,

-do- Peasant and Raj

N.K. Sinha, Economic History of Bengal,

Alfred Lyall The Rise and Expansion of the British Dominion

in India

R.C. Dutt, Economic history of India

S.N. Sen, French in India

B.K. Gupta, Sirajuddaullah & the East India Company
Penderel Moon, The British Conquest and Dominion of India

D.Rothermund, Asian Trade and European Expansion in the Age of

Mercantilism

Bipan Chandra, Nationalism and Colonialism in Modern India,
Bipan Chandra, The Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in

India.

A.B.Keith Constitutional History of India

Sheikh Ali Anglo-Mysore Relations

V.K. Sinha Haider Ali

Mohibbul Hasan
C.A. Bayly
The History of Tipu Sultan
Rulers, Townsmen and Bazaars

S.N. Sen Eighteen Fifty-Seven

S.B. Chaudhari The Theories of Indian Mutinies
-Do-Civil Rebellions, 1857-1959

B.B. Mishra The Indian Middle Classes

O' Malley India and the West

T.R. Metcalfe Aftermath of the Revolt S. Gopal British Policies in India

Mujeeb Ashraf, Some Aspects of British Colonial Rule in India

R.L. Shukla (ed.) Adhunik Bharat Ka Itihasa

P-3: HISTORY OF ISLAM IN INDIA

UNIT-1

- 1 a) Historical background of global proliferation of Islam; Different Explanations for Coming of Islam in India:
 - (i) Through military and political forces
 - (ii) Through economic forces
 - (iii) Through socio-religious forces
- b) The concept of Imagined Communities
 Umma and Millat (i.e.) egalitarian societies; Four Imams
 (jurists) and differences in their precepts:
 - (i) Hanafi (ii) Shafai (iii) Hambali (iv) Maliki and their followers in India; sects and sub-sects: Ahl-i-Sunna and Shia sects etc. The Ismailis, the Bohras, the Nuqtavis, the Hurfis and the Zikris

UNIT-2

2) The Sufi silsilahs

The Chishti, The Suhrawardi and Non-conformists: Madaria, Variations in their outlooks and ideologies;

Regional silsilahs

Rishi silsilah in Kashmir, Nathpanthi silsilah in Bengal, ecological factor for their ideological differences; Islamic fundamentals and the Sufi Ideolgies; Conformity and conflict.

UNIT-3

3) Islam and State

i. Sultans' religious interests vis a vis State interests; Ulema and State; Shariat and State; Evolution of zawabits and a'in (state laws); Delhi Sultans and Islam with special reference to Firoz Tughlaq; Mughal Emperors and Islam; Akbar's Islam in the light of Ain-i-Iradat-i-Ghazinan(Tauhid-i-Ilahi) and Sulh-kul, Aurangzeb's Islam and its perception in the Indo-Muslim society.

ii. Colonial rule and Islam

The activities of Christian missionaries and counter resistance in Indo Muslim society, The Wahabi and Barelwi ideologies; its socio-religious and political consequences.

UNIT-4

4) Conversion to Islam:

i. Various theories of conversions, socio-economic backgrounds of the converts, reconversion to their original religion, socio-religious repercussions, the role of state and the Sufis in proselytizing the people, socio economic stratifications of the converts: caste, biradari and their cultural heritage, subsequent processes of Islamization; reaction and counter reaction in Indo Muslim societies.

ii. Christian missionaries and conversion: Counter resistance in Indo-Muslim society..

UNIT-5

- 5) Islamic Revivalist and Deviatory Movements:
 - (i) Mahdavi Movement: Causes of its rise, sociogeographical configurations, teachings and organization, causes of decline.
 - (ii) Raushanya Movement: Explanations of its rise, teachings, social composition of its followers, conflict with the state, causes of fall.
 - (iii) Shaikh Ahmad Sirhindi: Exponent of Wahdat-us shahud, Sirhindi's concept of state, conflict with the Mughal State ideology, imprisoned and released.
 - (iv) Shah Waliullah: Socio-religious vision, exponent of the supremacy of Islam
 - (v) The Ahmadiyas: Their emergence as socio religious group, deviation from Islam, conflict with Islamic puritanists, split among the Ahmadiyas, the Qadiyani and the Lahoi groups, difference in their teachings, a debate on their religiou status.

UNIT-6

6) Intellectual Traditions and System of Learning:

- (i) Maktabs, Madarsas and Firangi Mahal, political consciousnes and its reflections in the education
- ii) Darul Uloom, Deoband and Nadwatul Uloom, Lucknow
- (iii) Sir Syed Ahmad Khan and education for Muslims.

UNIT-7

Philanthropy and Social Justice in Islam:

i Concept and nature of Philanthropy

ii. Different nature of Philanthropy: Zakat, Sadaqa, Baitulmal

iii. Waaf and Waaf Boards: organisation, administration

iv Colonial intervention and Muslim reaction.

v. Social justice, recipients, role of equity in civil society.

8) Emergence of Nationalism and Muslim response:

(a) (i) Literature and cultural critique of imperialist domination, communalism and politics of separation

(ii) Muslims and national politics; the Khilafat and Non cooperation movements.

(b) Muslims and Pakistan movement:

Indian Islam as a source of composite Indian Nationalism, partition of India, Indian Muslims and the post independence politics of adjustment and accommodation.

Reading List

Ahmad, Aziz An Intellectual History of Islam in India, Edinburgh,

1969

-Do- Islamic Modernism in India and Pakistan, London,

1967.

-Do- Islamic Culture in the Indian Environment, London,

1964.

Ahmad, Imtiaz Caste and Social Stratification among the Indian

Muslims, Delhi, 1973.

Ashraf, M. Muslim Attitude Towards British Rule and Western

Culture in India, Delhi, 1982.

Aziz, K.K. Britain and Muslim India, 1963.

Chand, Tara Influence of Islam on Indian Culture, 1963.

Chaudhuri, K.N. Asia Before Empire: Economy and Civilisation of

the Indian Ocean From the Rise of Islam to 1750,

1990.

Eaton, R. Sufis of Bijapur: Social Role of Sufis in Medieval

India, Princeton, 1978.

-Do- Rise of Islam and the Bengal Frontier, 1204-1760,

OUP, Delhi, 1994.

Embree, A. (ed) Muslim Civilisation in India, 1964.

Friedmann, Y. Shaikh Ahmad Sirhindi, 1971.

Khan, M. Ishaq Kashmir: Transition to Islam, 1994.

Chatterji, Joya. Bengal Divided: Hindu communalism and partition

1932-47, CUP, 1995.

Taqi Raheem (Urdu) Tehreek -e- Azadi Main Bihar ke Muslamano l

Hissa, Patna, 1998.

Lelyveld, David Aligarh's First Genaration: Muslim Solidarity

British India, OUP, Delhi, 1978.

Madan, T.N. Religions in India, OUP, Delhi, 1992

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Metcalf, B. Islamic Revival in British India: Deoband, 186

1900, Princeton, 1982.

Minault, Gail The Khilafat Movement in India, OUP, Delhi, 19:

Mujeeb, M. The Indian Muslims, London, 1967

Nanda, B.R. Gandhi, Pan Islamism, Imperialism and Indi

Nationalism, Bombay, 1989.

Nizami, K.A. Akbar and Religion, Delhi, 1989.

-Do- Some Aspects of Religion and Politics in t

Thirteenth Century India, Delhi, 1974,

Mohammed, Shan Sir Syed Ahmad: A Political Biography, 1969

Pearson, M.N. Pious Passengers, 1994.

Piscatori, James Islam in World of Nation States, 1986.

Pisso, Patricia Merchants and Faith: Muslim Commerce a

Culture in Indian Ocean, 1995.

Powell, Avril Ann Muslims and Missionaries in Pre-Mutiny Inc

London, 1993.

Qureshi, I.H. The Muslim Community of the Indo-Pak S

continent, 610-1947, 1962.

Rizvi, Athar Abbas Muslim Revivalist Movements in Northern Indi

in the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Centuries, Agr

1965.

Roy, Asim The Islamic Syncretic Tradition in Beng

Princeton, 1983.

Said, Edward W Covering Islam, London, 1997.

Schimell, Ann Islam in India and Pakistan, 1982 Marie Papiya Ghosh Muttahidah Qaumiyat in Agalliat Bihar: The Imarat-i- Sharia 1921-47, IESHR, vol xxxiv, January-March 1997. -do-The Making of the Congress Muslim stereotype: Bihar 1937-39, IESHR, vol. 28, No.4, 1991 -do-Articulating community Rights: The Muslim League and Hindu Mahasabha in Congress Bihar 1937-39, South Asia, New Series, vol. xiv. No. 2. December 1991. Community Questions and Bihar Politics1917-23, -do-IHR. xvi, July 1989- January 1990. -do-Islam in the Indian Sub Continent, 1980. Smith, W.C. Modern Islam in India, 1946 Titus, M.T. Indian Islam: The Religious Ouest of India, Delhi, 1979. Troll, C.W. Islam in India, Studies and Commentries, Vol. 2. Delhi, 1985 Kozlowski, Muslim Endowments and Society in British India, Gregory C. CUP ,1985 Wakf Administration in India: A Socio-legal Study, Rashid, S. Khalid Delhi, 1978. Khan, Imtiaz What is Waqf? Delhi, 1988. Ahmad Shaheed, S. Qutub Islam Mein Samajika Nyaya (Hindi), Delhi 1982. **Articles** Agarwal, Partap C. Changing Religious practices, Their Relationship to Secular Power in a Rajasthan Village, EPW, 4, (12), 1969, pp 547-553. Ali, M. Athar The Islamic Background to Indian History: An Interpretation of Islamic past, Journal of the Economic and Social History of the Orient, vol.xxxii -do-Akbar and Islam, PIHC, 1976 Religion in Medieval Indian Polity: Some Reflections, -do-Medieval India-A Miscellany, vol. 4, Aligarh, 1977.

Element of Social Justice in Medieval Islamic -do-Thought, IHC Symposia Paper, 1996. Ideas on Kasb in South Asian Sufism (mainly 14th Islam, Riazul Century) IHR, vol. Xvii, No. 1-2, July 1990-Jan. 1991. Khan, M. Ishaq The Impact of Islam on Kashmir in the Sultanate Period, 1320-1586, IESHR, 23, 2, 1986. Conversion to Islam and Formation of Zaidi,S. castes in Medieval Rajasthan, Festschrift Volume Inayat A.& of Prof. Nurul Hasan, Art and Culture, Jaipur, 1993 Zaidi, Sunita Precepts and Paradox - The Chishti Attitude Towards Zilli, I.A. Social Labour, PIHC, 1986.

P-4: THE WORLD POWERS AND DIPLOMACY 1870-1945

UNIT-1

1. Emergence of nation States

- (a) Germany: Role of Bismarck in the unification; domestic policy of Bismarck; Church and State; foreign policy; fall of Bismarck; developments in Germany 1890-1914
- (b) Italy: Political instability; economic developments; socialism and social reforms; developments unitl 1914.

UNIT-2

2. The Third Republic

the Paris Commune; social and economic changes; the Boulanger affair; the Dreyfus affair; Chruch and State; labour movement; developments until 1914.

3. Imperialism

Africa, South East Asia and the Pacific, European nations and Imperialism; their rivalries in Africa, sphere of infuence in Africa and its partition; imperialistic power in South East Asia and the pacific; America's road to Empire.

4. European diplomacy and the alliances system

Bismarck and his alliances-Dual Alliance; Triple Alliance; Three Emperors' League; Russo German Re-Insurance treaty; Franco-Russian alliance 1894; Triple Entente; alliances on the eve of first world war.

UNIT-3

5. The Eastern question and the Balkans

Europe and the Balkans; the rise of nationalism in the Balkan states; Eastern question and European diplomancy between 1870-1914.

6. Russia: Reaction and Reform:

Liberals in Russia, emancipation of serfs, social democracy; the new revolutionary movement-1905 and 1917 revolutions.

UNIT-4

7. Liberalism and parliamentary democracy

Growth of liberalism; the pattern of parliamentary democracy in western and central Europe; wider franchise; Social reforms.

UNIT-5

8. The First World War

Causes of the War; factors behind the defeat of the central powers; the peace settlements of 1919; the League of Nations, causes of its failure.

UNIT-6

9. Emergence of Fascist dictatorship and diplomacy

- (i) Fascism in Italy
 - Italy after First world war; failure of Italian socialism; political, economic and social upheavals; the social base of fascism; Mussolini and rise of fascism; causes of its failure.
- (ii) Nazism in Germany

Role of economic and political crisis in the rise of Hitler; socio-economic policies of the Nazi state responsible for the outbreak of second world war.

(iii) Falange in Spain:

Political and economic crisis in Spain after first world war, civil war, General Franco as a dictator; his policies; Spain and the second world war.

(iv) Japanese Fascism: causes of rise; its course of action; conflict with China.

UNIT-7

10. The Second World War and its aftermath:

The Axis triumphant 1939-42; German invasion of Russia,

America's participation in the war; war with Japan; the defeat of Axis; the war in the pacific; the peace negotiations; the beginning of the cold war.

Reading List:

Anderson, M.S. The Eastern Question

Cobban, A. The nation State and National Self-Determination.

Carsten, F. L. The Rise of Fascism Edwards, S. The Paris Commune.

Emmons, T.L. (ed) The Emancipation of the Russian Serfs.

Fels, H The Spanish story.

Gaddies, J.L. The United States and the Origins of the cold war,

1941-1947.

Hofstadter, R. The age of reform (American Liberal and

Progressive movements).

Hobson, J.A. Imperialism: A study. Joll, James Europe since 1870.

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Zeldin, T. France, 1848-1945, Politics and Anger.

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A.J.P. Taylor

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European Alliances and Alignments.

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The Origins of the Second World War.

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Mosse, W.E.

The Eastern question in European diplomacy.

Alexander II and the modernization of Russia.

Mac Smith, D. Cavour and Garibaldi; 1860: A study in political

Conflict.

Seton Watson, R.W. Italy from Liberalism to Fascism.

Taylor, A.J.P. The Struggle for Mastery in Europe.

-do- The Italian problems in European Diplomancy 1847-

49.

Shannon, R.T. The crisis of Imperialism: 1865-1915

Weber, Max The Russian Revolution

Passant, E.J. A Short history of Germany, 1815-1945.

Brandenberg, E. From Bismarck to the world war.

Bullock, A. Hitler: a study in Tyranny. de Tocqueville, A. Democracy in America.

Baumgart, W. Imperialism

Kater, Michael H.

The Nazi Party Germany since 1918.

Childs, D. Pflanze, O.

Bismarck and the Development of Germany, 1815-

1871.

Payne, S.G.

Fascism, Comparision and Definition.

Tannenbaum, E.R.

Fascism in Italy: Society and Culture, 1922-1945.

Westwood, J.N.

Endurance and Endeavour: Russian History, 1812-

1971

Fay, S.B.

The origins of the world wars.

16

P-5: HISTORY OF WEST ASIA 610-1258 A.D.

UNIT-1

The Rise of Islam: political, social and economic condition of pre-Islamic Arabia; basic teachings of Islam, their social relevance; the nature of the Islamic state; the prophet's relations with the non-Muslims; pagan Arabs, the Jews and Christians; origin and development of State and Administration under the Prophet; his last sermon.

UNIT-2

The Early Caliphate; origin and development; central, provincial and land revenue administration; relations with non-Muslims; Islamic social structure; the status of women; expansion of the state.

UNIT-3

The rise and fall of Ummayyads: Caliphate to Mulukiat; the rise of sectarianism among Muslims; Khwarj; Murjia and the mautizila, central, provincial and land revenue administration; position of Arab Muslims and non-Arab Muslims (Mawalis), Zimmis and the slaves; expansion of the empire; the Shaubiya movement and the fall of the Ummayyads.

UNIT-4

Coming of the Abbasids; the nature of the state; character and composition of the ruling classes; the rise of the Turks; the Saljuqs, Ghaznavids and the Ghorids; central, provincial and land revenue administration; the fall of Baghdad.

UNIT-5

Intellectual Life: Literature and Science; the role of Baitu'I Hikmat in the growth of philosophy and sciences.

UNIT-6

Society and Culture: Social life; development of jurisprudence; mystical spirit in Islam and the mystic movement.

UNIT-7

The development of art and architecture

UNIT-8

Trade and Industry: foreign trade; unified currency; weights and measures; industry and urbanization.

Reading	I ist
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introduction of Muhammedan Law and a

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Ahmad, Ishtiaq The concept of an Islamic State, London, 1987

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State) Eng. Tr. by P.K. Hitti.

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Crone, Patricia Meccan Trade and the Rise of Islam, London 1987

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Dixon A.A. The Ummayyad Caliphate, London, 1971
Fyzee, A.A.A. Outline of Muhammedan Law, London, 1949

Hamidullah, M. Introduction to Islam, Lahore, 1968

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Hussain, Athar The Glorious Caliphs, Lucknow, 1980

Ibn Ishaq, Sirat Rasul Allah (The Life of Muhammed), Eng.

Tr. by A. Guillaume.

Imamuddin, S.M. Political History of the Muslims, (Prophet and

pious Caliphs 570-661 A.D), vol.I, Dacca, 1970.

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Khuda Bakhsh
Tarikh ul Ummat (Urdu) vols-1 to4
Politics in Islam, Lahore, 1954

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Levy, R. The Social Structure in Islam, Cambridge, 1957
Macdonald, D.B. Development of Muslim Theology, Jurisprudence

and Constitutional Theory, Delhi, 1973.

Nadwi, S. Abul Muhammed Rasul Allah (The Apostle of Mercy

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Hasan Ali Eng. tra. by Mohiuddin Ahmad, Lucknow, 1982,

Najibabadi, Akbar Shah Tarikh-i-Islam (Urdu)

Nizami, K.A Some Aspects of Religion and politics during the

Thirteenth Century India, Delhi, 1974

Numani, Allama Sirat u'n Nabi (The Life of the prophet)

Shibli Vols. 2 (Urdu), Eng. Tra. by M. Tayyab Bakhsh Badauni,

Delhi, 1983

Shaban, M.A. Islamic History A.D. 600-750 (A New Interpretation)

Cambridge, 1971

Sahu, K.P. Islam Udbhav aur vikas, 1987 (Hindi)

Siddiquie, Yasin Organisation of Government Under the Prophet,

Delhi, 1987

-do- Tarikh-i-Tahzib-i-Islam, Vol. I, Delhi, 1994, (Urdu)

Triton, Caliphs and their Non-Muslim Subjects, London, 1970

Watt, W.M. Muhammed at Mecca, Oxford 1953
-do- Muhammed at Medina, Oxford, 1956

-do- Muhammed, The Prophet and Statesman. 1961

Wink, Andre Al-Hind, the Making of the Indo-Islamic World,

Vol. L 1990

P-6 : CAPITALISM, COLONIALISM AND IMPERIALISM

(Units 1 to 4 will be discussed with reference to France, England and Germany)

UNIT-1

1. Capitalism

Chief characteristics of feudal and capitalist modes of production, theories of transition from feudalism to capitalism.

2. Origin of Agrarian Capitalism

Commercialization of agriculture; role of market in promoting commercial farming, laws of inheritance; consolidation of landholding and rise of rich peasant.

UNIT-2

3. Early Trade and Commerce and the role of Bullion.

Overseas geographical discoveries and the revival of long distance trade in the sixteenth century; items of trade and margins of profit; bullion and balance of trade; early commercial rivalry and accumulation of merchant capital.

UNIT-3

4. Demographic Trends and Economic Growth

Black death tragedy and demographic crisis in the 14th century, factors influencing fertility and mortality; demographic slide in the 17th century and its impact on economic development; population trends in the 18th and 19th centuries and the pattern of migrations.

UNIT-4

5. Proto-Industrialisation

Decline of Guilds, putting out system and the organization of protoindustrial activity from 16th to the first half of 18th centuries; technological changes and productivity; labour relations.

6. Industrialisation

Pre-requisites of industrialisation; transport network, role of technology; growth of financial institutions; entrepreneurship; distinction between state and private enterprise; condition of working class.

UNIT-5

7. United States of America

Pattern of early European settlements; problems faced by the settlers; factors influencing supply of labour; economic growth and regional specialization; plantation and the slave system; stages of industrialisation; the north-south divide and the Civil War.

UNIT-6

8. Colonialism and Imperialism:

Dynamics behind European Expansion

Early European expansion; founding of colonial empires; the emergence of world economy; stages of expansion; mercantilism, free trade, industrial capital and finance capital.

9. Approaches to the study of Imperialism

Marxist theories: J.A. Hobson, Hilferding, R. Luxemberg, Bukharin, V.I. Lenin; Non-Marxist theories: J.A. Schumpeter, David Landes, R. Robinson and J. Gallagher.

UNIT-7

10. Colonialism in Asia

Stages of British rule in India; Indonesia under Dutch and British colonial rule; Opium Wars and the western imperialist penetration in China.

11. Colonialism in Africa

Important features of British colonial rule in Egypt; the economic impact of British colonial rule in Ghana; the colonial experience in South Africa.

12. Colonialism in Latin America

Economic consequences of the US imperial domination in St. Domingo, Haiti and Mexico.

Reading List General.

Eric Wolf Europe and the People without History.

G. Barraclough An Introudction to Contemporary History, Penguin,

1979.

Fernand Braudel Capitalism and Material Life, 1400-1800, New

York, 1973

Cambridge Economic History of Europe, Vol. V. & VI.

Peter Kriedte, Peasants, Landlords and Merchant Capitalists,

Cambridge, 1983.

Peter Murgrave, The Early Modern European Economy, New York,

1999.

Roberts. Duplassis, Transition to Capitalism in Early Modern

Europe, Cambridge, 1997

Carlo M. Cipolla, Before the Industrial Revolution: European Society

and Economy; 1000-1700.

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Marc Bloch, Feudal Society, Vol. I, London, 1961.

Maurice Dobb, Studies in the Development of Capitalism, London,

1972.

Rodney Hilton, ed., The Transition from Feudalism to Capitalism.

London, 1978.

T.H. Ashton and The Brenner Debate, Cambridge, 1987.

C.H. Philip (eds),

G.A. Clay, Economic Expansion and Social Change 1500-

1700, Cambridge, 1984.

Colin Moores, The Making of Bourgeois Europe, London, 1991.

UNIT-2

Patricia Croot and

'Agrarian Class Structure and Economic

David Parker,

Development', Past and Present, No. 78, 1978.

WN Parker and

European Peasants and Their Markets, Princeton, 1975

E. L Jones (eds.,)

The No. 1 of 1775

Imannuel

The Modern World System: Capitalist

Wallerstein,

Agricultrure and the Origins of the European World

Economy, Vol. 1, New York, 1974. Dutch Enterprise in the World Bullion Trade, 1500-A. Attman. 1800, 1983. Fernand Braudel, The Wheels of Commerce, Civilisation and Capitalism, 15th to 18th century, New York, 1982. Immanuel The Modern World System, Vol. 2, New York, 1976. Wallerstein. J. de Vries. The Economy of Europe in the Age of Crisis 1600-1750 **UNIT-3** M.W. Flinn, The European Demographic System, 1500-1820. D.V. Glass and Population in History. D.E.C.Eversley, eds. A. Clarkson, Death, Disease and Famine in pre-Industrial England... Population Change in North-western Europe 1750-Michael Anderson 1850, London, 1991. -do-British Population History, London, 1996. Hans Medick. Industrialization before industrialization, IESHR, Vol. XXV, No. 3, 1988. John Saville, 'Primitive Accumulation and Early Industrialization in Britain' in Socialist Register, ed., Ralph Miliband. 1969, PP. 247-71.

UNIT-4

J. de Vries. The First Modern Economy, Cambridge, 1996. S. Leilagh Ogilvie, European proto-Industrialization, Cambridge, 1996. Peter Kridete. Proto-Industrialization L. Clarkson. Proto-Industrialization, London, 1985. M. Teich and The Industrial Revolution in National Context. Roy Porter, eds., Cambridge, 1969. The Fontana Economic History of Europe, London Carlo M. Cipolla,

1973. J. H. Clapham, Economic Development in France and Gen

Cambridge, 1963

The Unbound Prometheus: Technological Change David S. Landes. and Industrial Development in Western Europe, Cambridge, 1969. 'Reinterpreting Capitalist Industrialisation: A Study Ronald Aminzade. of Nineteenth Century France', in Social Histroy, vol. 9, 3, 1984.

Class and Class Consciousness in the Industrial R.J. Morris, Revolution, 1860-1914, London, 1992.

The Making of the English Working Class. E.P. Thompson, The Industrialisation of the Continental power, 1981 R.C. Trebilcock. Industralisation in Nineteenth Century Europe, Tom Kemp, London, 1973

Patrick O' Brien and Economic Growth in Britain and France 1780-1914. Caglar Keyder,

The Industrial Revolution on the Continent: W.O Henderson, Germany, France, Russia, 1800-1914.

UNIT-5 Europe, America and the Wider World, Vol. 2, New William N. Parker, York, 1991.

The United States of America: A History H.B. Parkes

UNIT-6 Theory of Imperialism Tom Kemp. Capitalism and Social Classes: Sociology of JA Schumpeter,

Imperialism (part I) UNIT-7

> Trade and dominion: The European Overseas Empire in the Eighteenth century, London, 1971. The Modern World System, New York, 1976.

Immanuel Wallerstein

J. M. Parry

P-7: TRENDS IN HISTORIOGRAPHY

UNIT-1

- 1. Positivism
- 2. Marxism and Marxist history writing

UNIT-2

- 3. The Annales: moving towards structure and processes
- 4. Structuralism

UNIT-3

- 5. Return of the Narrative
- 6. Post-Modernism
- 7. Feminism
- 8. Quantitative History.

UNIT-4

- 9. Perspectives on Indian History
- 10. Changing Trends in Historical research: Class, Culture, Gender, Language, Environment, Demography, Oral History, Medicine, Micro History and Ethno-History.
- 11. Debates in History-Representative study of at least three major debates in the Indian history.

Reading List

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University Press, Cambridge, 1992.

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Stone, L. "Revival of the Narrative", Past and Present, No. 85, 1979.

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P-8: EARLY MEDIEVAL INDIA HISTORICAL SURVEY, FROM 6TH TO 13TH CENTURY

UNIT-1

Understanding Early Medieval India

1. Transition from Early Historical to Early Medieval India

Historiography with reference to the perceptions of continuity and change, problems of periodization into 'ancient' 'medieval' and 'modern'; the position of early medieval India in history and fixing of the chronology,

2. Concept of a region

Historical geography and configuration of regions; changing processes of state formations and emergence of regional kingdoms; understanding 'regionalism'.

3. Historiographical Approaches to Early Medieval India: Theories and perspectives.

Early medieval India in pre-1940s works; Marx and Oriental Despotism; Nationalist view of a centralized state; segmentary state concept; integrative and lineage polities; patrimonial bureaucracy; new frameworks for the study on the nature of state.

UNIT-2

Structure of Regional Polities, Evolution and Changing Power Configurations:

4. Formation of Regional Polities

New royalty; landholding and clan structures and relationships; landed bureaucracy and power hierarchy; shifting centers of power; emergence of lineage polities and inter-lineage networks; consolidation of lineage families as ruling elites; landholding rights and integration through hierarchy.

5. Forms of Royal Legitimation and Control

Brahmana-ksatriya network; acculturation of local and tribal population and brahmanical ideology; origin: myths and legends; genealogies and rituals of kingship; networks of royal control through religious, agrarian and other types of institutions,

6. Islam and Early Medieval India

Conquest of Sindh; aspects of interaction with West Asia and the regions states in early medieval India.

UNIT-3

Regional States and Economy

7 Structure of Agrarian Society

Social Change and Agrarian Expansion;

settlement patterns; their expansion and the role of irrigation; land grant and land rights; peasant-landlord relationships and forms of surplu extraction; issues of privileges and subordination; new categories of peasants in different regional context; peasantization of tribes, nature of peasant stratification and varna ideology; social mobility and cast structure; changing relations of production.

8 Trade and Urbanization

The problem of urban decline; changing patterns of trade and urbanizatio trading communities; their organization and interaction; rise of urbacenters including temple cities and royal capital; development of marke and market networks; patterns of internal and external trade.

UNIT-4

Religion and Society, Regional and Pan-Regional Issues

9 Social Changes in Early Medieval India

Changing material base and the new social order; emergence of new social groups; different notions of hierarchy and power and issues of cas mobility.

.10 Religion and Society

The concept of bhakti and issues of dissent and dominance; region devotional cults and tantricism; rising importance of temples and math as religious institutions; delineation of sacred geography; the pilgrima tradition and formation of regional and pan-Indian religious identitiveligion as a means of social legitimation.

11 Religion as Ideology of Royal Power

Symbols and modes of royal legitimation; development of cult cente temple complexes and consolidation of pilgrimage network as institution of power and control; monuments, sculptures and paintings as stateme of ideology and power, i.e. political iconography.

Reading List

A. W. Van Den Hoek, D. H. A. Kolff and M. S. Oort, eds. Ritual, State and History in South Asia, Essays in Honour of J.C. Heesterman, Leiden, New York, Koln, 1992,

Abraham, Meera: Two Medieval Guilds of South India, New Delhi, 1988 Chattopadhyaya, B.D., Representing the Other? Sanskrit Sources and the Muslims, Delhi, Manohar, 1998

Eaton, R., The Rise of Islam and the Bengal Frontier, 1204-1760, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1994.

Chakravarti Kunal, The Religious Process, The Puranas and the Making of a Regional Tradition, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1999.

Champakalakshmi, R., and S. Gopal (eds), Tradition, Dissent and Ideology, Essays in Honour of Romila Thapar, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1996 Champakalakshmi, R. Trade Ideology and Urbanization in South India 300 BC to AD 1300, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1996.

Chattopadhyaya B. D. The Making of Early Medieval India, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1994,

Elliot, H. M, and J. Dowson, The History of India as told by its own Historians, Vol.I and II, Allahabad, rpt.

Eschmann, Anncharlott, Herman Kulke and G.C. Tripathi (eds), The Cult of Jagannatha and the Regional Tradition of Orissa, New Delhi, Manohar, 1978.

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Hall Kenneth, Trade and Statecraft in the Age of the Colas, New Delhi, Abhinav Publications, 1980.

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(ed.) Society and Ideology in India. Essays in Honour of R.S. Sharma, New Delhi, Munshiram Manoharlal, 1986.

_____(ed.) The Feudal Order, New Delhi, Manohar, 2000.

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Press, 1995.
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The Age of Imperial Kanauj, Vol. 4, The History an

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Mill, James, The History of British India, Vol. I Delhi, 1817. rpt., 197;

Nilkanta Sastri, K.A., A History of South India, From Earliest Times 1

Vijayanagar, Madras, Oxford University Press, 1958.

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Ramaswamy, Vijaya, Textiles and Weavers in Medieval South India, Ne Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1985.

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Urban Decay in India c. 300 to c. 1000, New Dell

Munshiram Manoharlal, 1987.

Spencer, G.W., The Politics of Expansions, The Cola Conquest of Sri Lan and Sri Vijaya, Madras, New Era, 1983.

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Stein, M.A: Kalhana's Rajtarangini, A Chronicle of the Kings of Kashrr Pt. I, Delhi, rpt, 1971,

Thapar, Romila: Interpreting Early India, Delhi, Oxford University Pre 1994.

Veluthat, Kesavan, The Political Structure of Early Medieval South Ind New Delhi, Orient Longman, 1993.

Wink, Andre, Al-Hind, The Making of the Indo-Islamic World, Vol. I a Vol. 2, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1999.

Select Articles will be recommended in the course of teaching.